## **Resource Summary Report**

Generated by NIF on Apr 16, 2025

# **Aging Status and Sense of Control (ASOC)**

RRID:SCR\_013500

Type: Tool

## **Proper Citation**

Aging Status and Sense of Control (ASOC) (RRID:SCR\_013500)

#### **Resource Information**

URL: http://www.icpsr.umich.edu/icpsrweb/ICPSR/studies/03334

**Proper Citation:** Aging Status and Sense of Control (ASOC) (RRID:SCR\_013500)

**Description:** A dataset generated longitudinal study that aims to explain the relationship between age and changes in the sense of control over one"'s life, over two follow-up periods. The main hypotheses are (a) over a period of time, the sense of control declines by an amount that increases with age; (b) the change in sense of control reflects an underlying change in biosocial function, which accelerates with age; (c) higher social status slows the decline in the sense of control, possibly by preserving biosocial function; and (d) changes in biosocial function and in the sense of control have deviation-amplifying reciprocal effects that accelerate age-dependent changes in the sense of control. This was a three-wave panel survey with fixed 3-year intervals and repeated assessments of the same variables. Questionnaire topics focused on: physical health (subjective health; activities of daily living; height and weight; health conditions; expected personal longevity); health behavior (exercise, smoking, diet, alcohol use); use of medical services (medical insurance coverage, prescription drug use); work status (current employment status; title of current job or occupation and job description; types of work, tasks, or activities; description of work or daily activity and interactions; supervisory status; management position and level; work history); sense of controlextent of agreement or disagreement with planning and responsibility versus luck and bad breaks; sense of victimhood versus control; social support and participation; personal and household demographics; marital and family relations; socioeconomic status; history of adversity. \* Dates of Study: 1994-2001 \* Sample Size: 2,593 (Waves 1-2); 1.144 (Wave 3) \* Study Features: Longitudinal Data Archives:

http://www.sscnet.ucla.edu/issr/da/da\_catalog/da\_catalog\_titleRecord.php?studynumber=I3334V1

**Abbreviations: ASOC** 

Synonyms: Aging Status and Sense of Control, Aging Status Sense of Control (ASOC)

Resource Type: data set, data or information resource

**Keywords:** longitudinal, control, physical health, health behavior, late adult human, activities of daily living, disease, health services utilization, health status, life event, life satisfaction, mental health, physical fitness, self concept, social network, social status, survey data, telephone interview

**Related Condition:** Aging

Funding: NIA RO1-AG12393

Availability: Public: The first three waves of data are available at ICPSR.

**Resource Name:** Aging Status and Sense of Control (ASOC)

Resource ID: SCR\_013500

Alternate IDs: nlx\_151355

**Record Creation Time:** 20220129T080316+0000

Record Last Update: 20250411T055638+0000

### **Ratings and Alerts**

No rating or validation information has been found for Aging Status and Sense of Control (ASOC).

No alerts have been found for Aging Status and Sense of Control (ASOC).

### **Data and Source Information**

Source: SciCrunch Registry

## **Usage and Citation Metrics**

We have not found any literature mentions for this resource.