Resource Summary Report

Generated by NIF on May 7, 2025

Integrated Technology Enterprise Inc

RRID:SCR 012186

Type: Tool

Proper Citation

Integrated Technology Enterprise Inc (RRID:SCR_012186)

Resource Information

URL: http://www.scienceexchange.com/facilities/integrated-technology-enterprise-inc

Proper Citation: Integrated Technology Enterprise Inc (RRID:SCR_012186)

Description: THIS RESOURCE IS NO LONGER IN SERVICE. Documented on October 30,2023. We will design and produce DNA constructs for any purpose: Mutations/Deletions Knockout/Transgenic constructs Epitope tags & Fusion proteins Protein expression constructs Viral gene delivery constructs RNAi & related constructs Cost is generally about \$300 per construct Turnaround time usually 5 business days

Abbreviations: Integrated Technology Enterprise

Resource Type: commercial organization, service resource

Funding:

Availability: THIS RESOURCE IS NO LONGER IN SERVICE

Resource Name: Integrated Technology Enterprise Inc

Resource ID: SCR_012186

Alternate IDs: SciEx_10307

Record Creation Time: 20220129T080308+0000

Record Last Update: 20250505T054129+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for Integrated Technology Enterprise Inc.

No alerts have been found for Integrated Technology Enterprise Inc.

Data and Source Information

Source: SciCrunch Registry

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 3 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at NIF.

Stacchiotti S, et al. (2024) GDF-15 Predicts Epithelioid Hemangioendothelioma Aggressiveness and Is Downregulated by Sirolimus through ATF4/ATF5 Suppression. Clinical cancer research: an official journal of the American Association for Cancer Research, 30(22), 5122.

Deneka AY, et al. (2021) Nedd9 Restrains Autophagy to Limit Growth of Early Stage Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer. Cancer research, 81(13), 3717.

Prasad P, et al. (2021) Glutamine deficiency promotes stemness and chemoresistance in tumor cells through DRP1-induced mitochondrial fragmentation. Cellular and molecular life sciences: CMLS, 78(10), 4821.