Resource Summary Report

Generated by NIF on Sep 20, 2026

Caribbean Primate Research Center

RRID:SCR_008345
Type: Tool

Proper Citation

Caribbean Primate Research Center (RRID:SCR_008345)

Resource Information

URL: http://cprc.rcm.upr.edu/

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Description: Center for the study of non-human primates. Its mission is the study and use of non-human primates as models for studies of social and biological interactions and for the discovery of methods of prevention, diagnosis and treatment of diseases that afflict humans. Through the stewardship of three unique facilities???Cayo Santiago Field Station, Sabana Seca Field Station, and the Laboratory of Primate Morphology supports a diverse range of research programs that enhance understanding of primate biology and behavior, with direct applications in biomedical and translational research.

Abbreviations: CPRC

Synonyms: Caribbean Primate Research Center Program

Resource Type: biomaterial supply resource, material resource, organism supplier

Keywords: NPRC, NPRC Consortium, ORIP, environment, genetic, antigen, behavior, biological, biomedical, birth, blood, conception, dengue, disease, human, immune system, laboratory, macaca mulatta, macaque, model, monkey, morphology, movement, pathology, primate, reproductive biology, researcher, rh, rhesus, scientific, serological, siv, skeletal system, vaccine, variation, virology

Funding: NIH Office of the Director P40 OD012217

Resource Name: Caribbean Primate Research Center

Resource ID: SCR_008345

Alternate IDs: nif-0000-25870

Alternate URLs: https://orip.nih.gov/comparative-medicine/programs/vertebrate-models

Record Creation Time: 20220129T080246+0000

Record Last Update: 20260919T195138+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for Caribbean Primate Research Center.

No alerts have been found for Caribbean Primate Research Center.

Data and Source Information

Source: SciCrunch Registry

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 7 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at NIF .

Miranda-Santiago AE, et al. (2025) CD4+ T Cells Are Key to Shaping a Protective Humoral Immunity in Primary Dengue 2 Virus Infection: Implications for Rational Vaccine Design. Vaccines, 13(11).

Guatelli-Steinberg D, et al. (2025) How wear, age, and sex relate to enamel chipping in Cayo Santiago rhesus macaques (Macaca mulatta). PloS one, 20(12), e0337554.

Hass JK, et al. (2025) The ocular surface microbiome of rhesus macaques. Animal microbiome, 7(1), 88.

Costa CE, et al. (2025) Genetic Architecture of Immune Cell DNA Methylation in the Rhesus Macaque. Molecular ecology, 34(15), e17576.

Hass JK, et al. (2025) The ocular surface microbiome of rhesus macaques. Research square.

Pavez-Fox MA, et al. (2024) Trade-offs between sociality and gastrointestinal parasite infection in the context of a natural disaster. Animal behaviour, 211, 147.

Sariol CA, et al. (2011) Decreased dengue replication and an increased anti-viral humoral response with the use of combined Toll-like receptor 3 and 7/8 agonists in macaques. PloS one, 6(4), e19323.