

Resource Summary Report

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YeTFaSCo

RRID:SCR_006893

Type: Tool

Proper Citation

YeTFaSCo (RRID:SCR_006893)

Resource Information

URL: <http://yetfasco.ccb.utoronto.ca/>

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Description: Collection of all available transcription factor (TF) specificities for the yeast *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* in Position Frequency Matrix (PFM) or Position Weight Matrix (PWM) formats. The specificities are evaluated for quality using several metrics. With this website, you can scan sequences with the motifs to find where potential binding sites lie, inspect precomputed genome-wide binding sites, find which TFs have similar motifs to one you have found, and download the collection of motifs. Submissions are welcome.

Abbreviations: YeTFaSCo

Synonyms: Yeast Transcription Factor Specificity Compendium, YeTFaSCo: The Yeast Transcription Factor Specificity Compendium

Resource Type: analysis service resource, data analysis service, data or information resource, data repository, database, production service resource, service resource, storage service resource

Defining Citation: [PMID:22102575](#)

Keywords: transcription factor, binding site, sequence, yeast, motif, gene, genome, protein, protein complex

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Availability: Acknowledgement requested

Resource Name: YeTFaSCo

Resource ID: SCR_006893

Alternate IDs: nlx_151611, OMICS_01861

Record Creation Time: 20220129T080238+0000

Record Last Update: 20260821T193805+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for YeTFaSCo.

No alerts have been found for YeTFaSCo.

Data and Source Information

Source: [SciCrunch Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 34 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [NIF](#) .

Shen Y, et al. (2025) Improving the generalization of protein expression models with mechanistic sequence information. Nucleic acids research, 53(3).

Chao KH, et al. (2025) Predicting dynamic expression patterns in budding yeast with a fungal DNA language model. bioRxiv : the preprint server for biology.

Rogers JV, et al. (2025) Kar4 acts as a Ste12 regulator in Saccharomyces cerevisiae, promoting Ste12 binding to a specific DNA motif genome-wide. bioRxiv : the preprint server for biology.

Ruehmkorff C, et al. (2025) In vivo pathway optimization in yeast via loxpsym-mediated shuffling of upstream activating sequences. Nucleic acids research, 53(17).

Chao KH, et al. (2025) Predicting dynamic expression patterns in budding yeast with a fungal DNA language model. Research square.

Jin Z, et al. (2025) Unraveling the regulatory dynamics of bidirectional promoters for modulating gene co-expression and metabolic flux in Saccharomyces cerevisiae. Nucleic acids research, 53(11).

Vaknin I, et al. (2024) A universal system for boosting gene expression in eukaryotic cell-lines. Nature communications, 15(1), 2394.

Maués DB, et al. (2023) Overexpression of the Transcription Factor Azf1 Reveals Novel Regulatory Functions and Impacts β -Glucosidase Production in Trichoderma reesei. Journal of fungi (Basel, Switzerland), 9(12).

Parab L, et al. (2022) Transcription factor binding process is the primary driver of noise in gene expression. *PLoS genetics*, 18(12), e1010535.

Conti MM, et al. (2022) Repression of essential cell cycle genes increases cellular fitness. *PLoS genetics*, 18(8), e1010349.

Becerra-Rodríguez C, et al. (2021) Yeast Plasma Membrane Fungal Oligopeptide Transporters Display Distinct Substrate Preferences despite Their High Sequence Identity. *Journal of fungi (Basel, Switzerland)*, 7(11).

Mormino M, et al. (2021) Development of an Haa1-based biosensor for acetic acid sensing in *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*. *FEMS yeast research*, 21(6).

Tam J, et al. (2020) Regulated repression governs the cell fate promoter controlling yeast meiosis. *Nature communications*, 11(1), 2271.

Panchy NL, et al. (2020) Improved recovery of cell-cycle gene expression in *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* from regulatory interactions in multiple omics data. *BMC genomics*, 21(1), 159.

Krieger G, et al. (2020) Independent evolution of transcript abundance and gene regulatory dynamics. *Genome research*, 30(7), 1000.

Devia J, et al. (2020) Transcriptional Activity and Protein Levels of Horizontally Acquired Genes in Yeast Reveal Hallmarks of Adaptation to Fermentative Environments. *Frontiers in genetics*, 11, 293.

Triandafillou CG, et al. (2020) Transient intracellular acidification regulates the core transcriptional heat shock response. *eLife*, 9.

Kim S, et al. (2019) A combination of transcription factors mediates inducible interchromosomal contacts. *eLife*, 8.

Castro DM, et al. (2019) Multi-study inference of regulatory networks for more accurate models of gene regulation. *PLoS computational biology*, 15(1), e1006591.

Rawal Y, et al. (2018) Gcn4 Binding in Coding Regions Can Activate Internal and Canonical 5' Promoters in Yeast. *Molecular cell*, 70(2), 297.