

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [NIF](#) on Apr 27, 2025

U.S. Census Bureau

RRID:SCR_011587

Type: Tool

Proper Citation

U.S. Census Bureau (RRID:SCR_011587)

Resource Information

URL: <http://www.census.gov/>

Proper Citation: U.S. Census Bureau (RRID:SCR_011587)

Description: Government agency responsible for the United States Census that also gathers other national demographic and economic data. As a part of the United States Department of Commerce, it serves as a leading source of data about America's people and economy. Its most visible role is to perform the official decennial (every 10 years) count of people living in the U.S. The most important result is the reallocation of the number of seats each state is allowed in the House of Representatives, but the results also affect a range of government programs received by each state. The agency director is a political appointee selected by the President of the United States.

Abbreviations: Census Bureau

Synonyms: Bureau of the Census, United States Census Bureau, US Census Bureau

Resource Type: institution

Funding:

Resource Name: U.S. Census Bureau

Resource ID: SCR_011587

Alternate IDs: grid.432923.d, nlx_151862, ISNI: 0000 0001 1330 7149, Wikidata: Q637413, Crossref funder ID: 100006958

Alternate URLs: <https://ror.org/01qn7cs15>

Record Creation Time: 20220129T080305+0000

Record Last Update: 20250420T014549+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for U.S. Census Bureau.

No alerts have been found for U.S. Census Bureau.

Data and Source Information

Source: [SciCrunch Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 561 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [NIF](#).

Luo C, et al. (2024) Where should the cancer control interventions target: A geospatial hotspot analysis for major cancer mortality 2018-2022 in the U.S. Cancer epidemiology, biomarkers & prevention : a publication of the American Association for Cancer Research, cosponsored by the American Society of Preventive Oncology.

Wynne NE, et al. (2024) Aedes albopictus colonies from different geographic origins differ in their sleep and activity levels but not in the time of peak activity. bioRxiv : the preprint server for biology.

Kumsa FA, et al. (2024) The association between neighborhood obesogenic factors and prostate cancer risk and mortality: the Southern Community Cohort Study. Frontiers in oncology, 14, 1343070.

Machado S, et al. (2024) The role of race and ethnicity in health care crowdfunding: an exploratory analysis. Health affairs scholar, 2(3), qxae027.

Baron J, et al. (2024) High Rates of Missed HIV Testing Among Oral PrEP Users in the United States From 2018-2021: A National Assessment on Compliance With HIV Testing Recommendations of the CDC PrEP Guidelines. Open forum infectious diseases, 11(5), ofae254.

Gross MP, et al. (2024) CaRDS - the statewide California Residential water Demand and Supply open dataset. Scientific data, 11(1), 632.

Zhou B, et al. (2024) Clinical characteristics of a COVID-19 cohort treated at UCLA Ronald Reagan Medical Center during the breaking phase of the pandemic: A retrospective study.

Redox biology, 75, 103178.

Brown GDA, et al. (2024) Political Attitudes and Disease Threat: Regional Pathogen Stress Is Associated With Conservative Ideology Only for Older Individuals. *Personality & social psychology bulletin*, 50(11), 1581.

Ohenhen LO, et al. (2024) Disappearing cities on US coasts. *Nature*, 627(8002), 108.

Santhiran R, et al. (2024) Feature extraction from customer reviews using enhanced rules. *PeerJ. Computer science*, 10, e1821.

Claw KG, et al. (2024) Implementing community-engaged pharmacogenomics in Indigenous communities. *Nature communications*, 15(1), 920.

Paddo AR, et al. (2024) Development and validation of the DHIS2 platform for integrating sociomedical data to study wound care outcomes. *PloS one*, 19(12), e0308553.

Kumsa FA, et al. (2024) The association between neighborhood obesogenic factors and prostate cancer risk and mortality: the Southern Community Cohort Study. *ArXiv*.

Kada S, et al. (2024) Age-specific case data reveal varying dengue transmission intensity in US states and territories. *PLoS neglected tropical diseases*, 18(3), e0011143.

Xu X, et al. (2024) A unified dataset for the city-scale traffic assignment model in 20 U.S. cities. *Scientific data*, 11(1), 325.

Yuce H, et al. (2024) Use of Population Weighted Density Index for Coronavirus Spread in the United States. *Journal of health economics and outcomes research*, 11(2), 1.

Jalali R, et al. (2024) Spatio-temporal analysis of COVID-19 lockdown effect to survive in the US counties using ANN. *Scientific reports*, 14(1), 19608.

Carroll SL, et al. (2024) Identifying the 'active ingredients' of socioeconomic disadvantage for youth outcomes in middle childhood. *Development and psychopathology*, 36(2), 857.

Donnelly JP, et al. (2024) Flood-irrigated agriculture mediates climate-induced wetland scarcity for summering sandhill cranes in western North America. *Ecology and evolution*, 14(3), e10998.

Chen J, et al. (2024) Spatiotemporal heterogeneity of the association between short-term exposure to carbon monoxide and COVID-19 incidence: A multistage time-series study in the continental United States. *Heliyon*, 10(13), e33487.