

Resource Summary Report

Generated by NIF on Sep 1, 2026

National Academies Press

RRID:SCR_002844

Type: Tool

Proper Citation

National Academies Press (RRID:SCR_002844)

Resource Information

URL: <http://www.nap.edu/>

Proper Citation: National Academies Press (RRID:SCR_002844)

Description: The National Academies Press (NAP) was created by the National Academies to publish the reports issued by the National Academy of Sciences, the National Academy of Engineering, the Institute of Medicine, and the National Research Council, all operating under a charter granted by the Congress of the United States. The NAP publishes more than 200 books a year on a wide range of topics in science, engineering, and health, capturing the most authoritative views on important issues in science and health policy. The institutions represented by the NAP are unique in that they attract the nation's leading experts in every field to serve on their award-winning panels and committees. This is the right place for definitive information on everything from space science to animal nutrition. Many books can be read on-line for free. NAP also offers many titles in electronic Adobe PDF format. Hundreds of these books can be downloaded for free by the chapter or the entire book, while others are available for purchase. Sponsors: This resource is supported by The National Academies.

Synonyms: NAP

Resource Type: institution

Keywords: engineering, academy, animal, medicine, national, nutrition, research, science

Availability: Free, Freely available

Resource Name: National Academies Press

Resource ID: SCR_002844

Alternate IDs: ISNI: 0000 0004 0466 615X, Wikidata: Q6970107, grid.431670.7, nif-0000-25219

Alternate URLs: <https://ror.org/02a6ztn45>

Record Creation Time: 20220129T080215+0000

Record Last Update: 20260829T182115+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for National Academies Press.

No alerts have been found for National Academies Press.

Data and Source Information

Source: [SciCrunch Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 46 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [NIF](#) .

Keele BF, et al. (2026) Initial sites of SIV rebound after antiretroviral treatment cessation in rhesus macaques. *Nature microbiology*, 11(3), 648.

Victor RL, et al. (2025) Suboptimal Caloric and Micronutrient Intakes in Female Student Athletes Across Several Division 1 Collegiate Sports. *Nutrients*, 17(22).

Zhao L, et al. (2025) Peripheral blood mesenchymal stem cell-derived exosomes improve renal sympathetic denervation efficacy through β -catenin-mediated cardiac reprogramming. *Clinical and translational medicine*, 15(9), e70475.

Monroy-Valle M, et al. (2025) Preschoolers in severely food insecure Guatemalan Mayan households consume a monotonous grain-based diet. *BMC public health*, 25(1), 2836.

Meirelles O, et al. (2024) The magnitude and direction of the relationship between risk factor and cognition depends on age: a pooled analysis of 5 community-based studies. *European journal of epidemiology*, 39(2), 161.

Zhao L, et al. (2022) Oct4 cooperates with c-Myc to improve mesenchymal-to-endothelial transition and myocardial repair of cardiac-resident mesenchymal stem cells. *Stem cell research & therapy*, 13(1), 445.

Wang P, et al. (2022) β -Catenin promotes long-term survival and angiogenesis of peripheral blood mesenchymal stem cells via the Oct4 signaling pathway. *Experimental & molecular medicine*, 54(9), 1434.

Bertuccio MP, et al. (2022) Dietary Intake and Genetic Background Influence Vitamin Needs during Pregnancy. *Healthcare (Basel, Switzerland)*, 10(5).

Ji Z, et al. (2021) Oct4-dependent FoxC1 activation improves the survival and neovascularization of mesenchymal stem cells under myocardial ischemia. *Stem cell research & therapy*, 12(1), 483.

Oladejo TC, et al. (2020) Protease produced by *Lactobacillus brevis* enhanced nutritional values of African yam beans and demonstrated improvement in the growth and blood indices of albino rats. *Heliyon*, 6(10), e05123.

Yu T, et al. (2018) KCNQ2/3/5 channels in dorsal root ganglion neurons can be therapeutic targets of neuropathic pain in diabetic rats. *Molecular pain*, 14, 1744806918793229.

Wang KH, et al. (2018) Effects of collagen matrix and bioreactor cultivation on cartilage regeneration of a full-thickness critical-size knee joint cartilage defects with subchondral bone damage in a rabbit model. *PloS one*, 13(5), e0196779.

Benchoufi M, et al. (2017) Blockchain protocols in clinical trials: Transparency and traceability of consent. *F1000Research*, 6, 66.

Barbosa R, et al. (2017) Effects of *Lippia sidoides* essential oil, thymol, p-cymene, myrcene and caryophyllene on rat sciatic nerve excitability. *Brazilian journal of medical and biological research = Revista brasileira de pesquisas medicas e biologicas*, 50(12), e6351.

Olatunya AM, et al. (2017) Potential health and economic benefits of three locally grown nuts in Nigeria: implications for developing countries. *Heliyon*, 3(10), e00414.

Chen T, et al. (2017) Interactions of Notch1 and TLR4 signaling pathways in DRG neurons of in vivo and in vitro models of diabetic neuropathy. *Scientific reports*, 7(1), 14923.

Ibe CS, et al. (2017) Relationship between age and brainstem allometry in the African grasscutter (*Thryonomys swinderianus* Temminck, 1827). *Journal of the South African Veterinary Association*, 88, e1.

Varzakas T, et al. (2016) Plant Food Residues as a Source of Nutraceuticals and Functional Foods. *Foods (Basel, Switzerland)*, 5(4).

Weaver CM, et al. (2016) The National Osteoporosis Foundation's position statement on peak bone mass development and lifestyle factors: a systematic review and implementation recommendations. *Osteoporosis international : a journal established as result of cooperation between the European Foundation for Osteoporosis and the National Osteoporosis Foundation of the USA*, 27(4), 1281.

Li I, et al. (2016) Nutrition for Seniors. *Delaware journal of public health*, 2(3), 24.