

Resource Summary Report

Generated by NIF on Jul 29, 2026

FITC anti-human CD19

RRID:AB_2750099

Type: Antibody

Proper Citation

BioLegend Cat# 392508, RRID:AB_2750099

Antibody Information

URL: http://antibodyregistry.org/AB_2750099

Proper Citation: BioLegend Cat# 392508, RRID:AB_2750099

Target Antigen: CD19

Host Organism: mouse

Clonality: monoclonal

Comments: Applications: FC

Antibody Name: FITC anti-human CD19

Description: This monoclonal targets CD19

Target Organism: human

Clone ID: Clone 4G7

Antibody ID: AB_2750099

Vendor: BioLegend

Catalog Number: 392508

Alternative Catalog Numbers: 392507

Record Creation Time: 20250820T054805+0000

Record Last Update: 20250820T222942+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for FITC anti-human CD19.

No alerts have been found for FITC anti-human CD19.

Data and Source Information

Source: [Antibody Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 7 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [NIF](#) .

Zhao XJ, et al. (2024) Humoral and cellular immune responses following Omicron BA.2.2 breakthrough infection and Omicron BA.5 reinfection. *iScience*, 27(7), 110283.

Zhao XJ, et al. (2024) Protocol to evaluate virus-specific CD4+ and CD8+ T cell responses by spectral flow cytometry. *STAR protocols*, 5(4), 103497.

Miller MH, et al. (2023) LMAN1 is a receptor for house dust mite allergens. *Cell reports*, 42(3), 112208.

Cao Y, et al. (2022) Rational identification of potent and broad sarbecovirus-neutralizing antibody cocktails from SARS convalescents. *Cell reports*, 41(12), 111845.

Pedersen TK, et al. (2022) The CD4+ T cell response to a commensal-derived epitope transitions from a tolerant to an inflammatory state in Crohn's disease. *Immunity*, 55(10), 1909.

Vanoni G, et al. (2021) Human primed ILCPs support endothelial activation through NF- κ B signaling. *eLife*, 10.

Riquelme SA, et al. (2020) *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* Utilizes Host-Derived Itaconate to Redirect Its Metabolism to Promote Biofilm Formation. *Cell metabolism*, 31(6), 1091.