

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [NIF](#) on Sep 20, 2026

HSC-64

RRID:CVCL_A617

Type: Cell Line

Proper Citation

JCRB Cat# JCRB1885, RRID:CVCL_A617

Cell Line Information

URL: https://web.expasy.org/cellosaurus/CVCL_A617

Proper Citation: JCRB Cat# JCRB1885, RRID:CVCL_A617

Description: Cell line HSC-64 is a Cancer cell line with a species of origin Homo sapiens (Human)

Sex: Female

Disease: Gastric adenocarcinoma

Defining Citation: [PMID:15245593](#), [PMID:15723654](#)

Comments: Population: Japanese.

Category: Cancer cell line

Organism: Homo sapiens (Human)

Name: HSC-64

Synonyms: HSC64

Cross References: CGH-DB:116-1, CGH-DB:9011-4, Cosmic:897530, Cosmic:1518253, JCRB:JCRB1885, Wikidata:Q54896410

ID: CVCL_A617

Vendor: JCRB

Catalog Number: JCRB1885

Record Creation Time: 20250130T071926+0000

Record Last Update: 20260920T011405+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for HSC-64.

No alerts have been found for HSC-64.

Data and Source Information

Source: [Cellosaurus](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 2 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [NIF](#) .

Horie M, et al. (2024) Exosomes secreted by ST3GAL5high cancer cells promote peritoneal dissemination by establishing a premetastatic microenvironment. Molecular oncology, 18(1), 21.

Takahashi S, et al. (2023) CCDC85A is regulated by miR-224-3p and augments cancer cell resistance to endoplasmic reticulum stress. Frontiers in oncology, 13, 1196546.